

Differential Geometric Aspects in Image Processing

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Problem C5.1

Let $\sigma : U \setminus l \rightarrow V \setminus L$ be a system of geodesic polar coordinates (ρ, θ) with $p \in U \subset T_p S$. Show that

- i) $E = 1$
- ii) $\Gamma_{11}^2 = 0$
- iii) $\Gamma_{11}^1 = E_\rho = 0$ and $F_\rho = 0$
- iv) $F = 0$

Problem C5.2

Let

$$\alpha_t = N \times \vec{t}^\alpha, \quad \alpha(\cdot, 0) = \alpha_0(\cdot)$$

be the equal distance contour propagation around some $p \in S$, with α_0 a geodesic circle. Moreover, let u be s.t. $\{(x, y) : u(x, y) = t\}$ corresponds to the $2D$ projection of $\alpha(\cdot, t)$.

i) Show that $\Pi(\vec{t}^\alpha) = c(-u_y, u_x)$ for some $c \in \mathbb{R}$, where $\Pi(x, y, z) = (x, y)$.

ii) Show that $\vec{t}^\alpha = \frac{(-u_y, u_x, qu_x - pu_y)}{\sqrt{u_x^2 + u_y^2 + (qu_x - pu_y)^2}}$, with $(p, q) = (\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial y})$